

## KANDUNGAN







**07** Kepentingan Penyelidikan





05DAPATAN Findings



**PENYATAAN** 

**Problem Statement** 

**MASALAH** 

2 OBJEKTIF
PENYELIDIKAN
Research Objective



Theoretical/ Analytical Framework

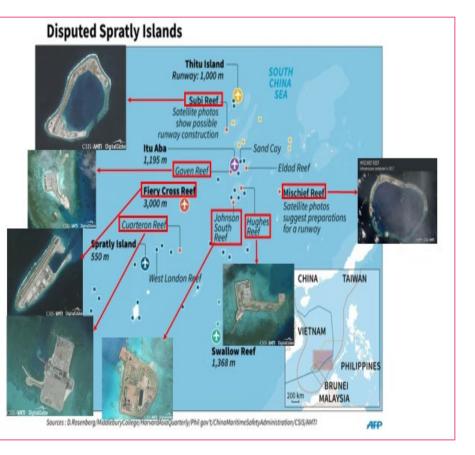
PENYELIDIKAN
Research
Methodology

**KAEDAH** 



## 1. PENYATAAN MASALAH

#### **Problem Statement**





#### Scarborough Shoal Standoff

- 2012 incident between Chinese and Filipino.
- Fishermen to military stands.







#### The Hague Rule 12 July 2016

- Case favoured to the Philippines.
- Decisions not about sovereignty.

## Intangible elements of power

China's leadership style on the state system and structure.

## 2. OBJEKTIF KAJIAN

**Research Objective** 



To analyse the role and style of China's leadership.



To examine the dynamic and continuity of China's domestic calculus in facilitating China's territorial claim in South China Sea.



## 3. KERANGKA KONSEPTUAL/ ANALITIK

**ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK** 

**Intervening Variable Hypotheses Independent Variable Dependent Variable** H1 -China's leadership style and role highly influence China's state system structure that is portrayed on China's conduct through the implementation of its foreign Leader policy; and China's How **IV** affect the H2 -China's state system provides a territorial DV? solid structure for China's leader to claim instil his ideology through national interests. **Domestic** Calculus **Condition Variable** China's strength.

### 4. KAEDAH PENYELIDIKAN

#### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

## **Data Collection**

➤ Analysts [China Experts]
 ➤ Academicians [UKM, UM & USIM]
 Qualitative method
 ➤ NCP Observer

**Primary:** semi-structured interviews with experts & academicians

**Secondary**: government official statement, documents, speeches, news, books, journals & dissertations.

## 5. DAPATAN





**Leadership Style** 

Hermann works: "challenged the constraints, closed to incoming information and problem-focused and a top-down decision making leader



✓ Steady continuity of China's national interests and national identities;

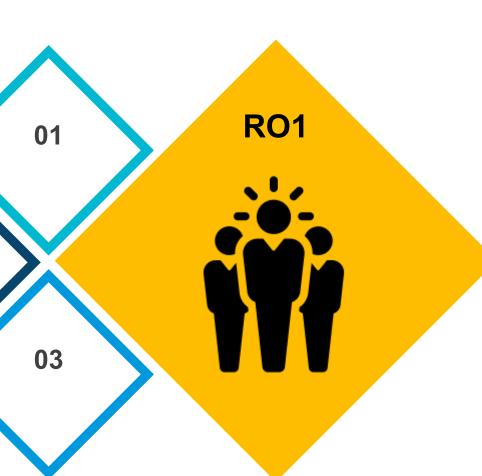
✓ Priority always at home (domestic issues).

02



Xi Jinping's leadership style & role in the disputed Spratly Islands.

Xi = President of China, Secretary-General of the CCP & Commander in Chief of the Military Joint Operations Command Centre ~> China in the disputed Spratly Islands.



## 5. DAPATAN (cont.)



**Findings** 

China state system as the material condition

- ➤ China is a modern Communist-Capitalist state with the label of Socialism with Chinese Characteristics.
- ➤ Chinese power structure:
  - (i) National administrative structure & (ii) ruling political party.



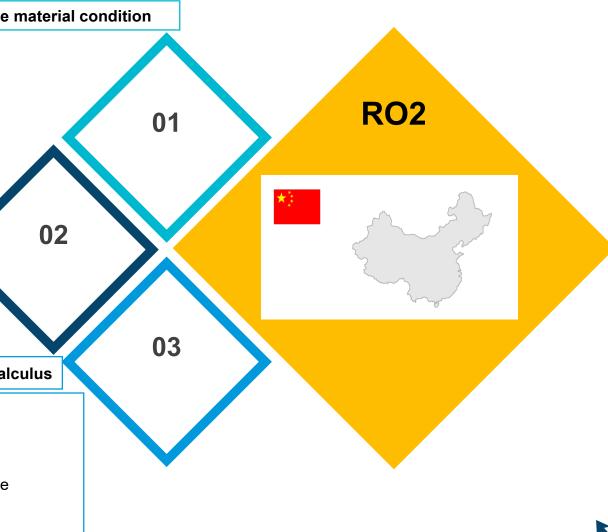
Xi Jinping as the influence factor (ideology) to China's national interests & identities

- > Strong leader, great ideas.
- > China Dreams & Maritime Power.



Recent development in China domestic calculus

- ✓ Reorganization of the Chinese Military Commission (CMC (2016)
- ✓ Restructuring of the NPC and CCP (2018)
- ✓ The amendment of The Constitution Law of PRC- March 11, 2018 & The Constitution of CCP- October 24, 2017;
- China current structure/state organs, the CCP is above administrative structure; &
- ✓ New National Security Law 2015.



## 6. BATASAN KAJIAN



#### **Dokumen:**

- ~ Terperingkat/ Sulit/ Rahsia;
- ~ Bahasa; &
- ~ Masa & komitmen (Sektor Kerajaan).

#### Atasi:

~Triangulasi sumber (source triangulation)

## **Limitations**

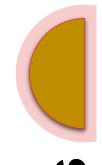
## 7. KEPENTINGAN KAJIAN



- Mengisi jurang kajian (study gap); dan
- Menambah nilai (value added) ke atas kajian sedia ada.

# The Importance of Research

### 8. IMPLIKASI KE ATAS DASAR-DASAR SEDIA ADA



- Ruang gambaran umum dan hujah asas berkenaan China;
- Sedikit pengetahuan dan panduan asas kepada mana-mana pegawai Kerajaan.

## **Implications**

